UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/600,231	06/19/2003	Mingxi Fan	030318	9806
	7590 05/30/200 INCORPORATED	7	EXAMINER	
5775 MOREHOUSE DR.			HYUN, SOON D	
SAN DIEGO, O	CA 92121		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2616	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/30/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

us-docketing@qualcomm.com kascanla@qualcomm.com nanm@qualcomm.com

			V
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	- 51
	10/600,231	FAN ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Soon D. Hyun	2616	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply		1 77 7	ss
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stating the period by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNI R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become Al	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this comm BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status		:	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19	9 June 2003		
· _ ·	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allo		ters, prosecution as to the mo	erits is
closed in accordance with the practice under	·	•	
Disposition of Claims		!	
4) Claim(s) <u>1-47</u> is/are pending in the applicat		· !	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		; ·	
6) Claim(s) <u>1-3,12-15,22,24-26,35-39 and 46</u>	•	:	
7) Claim(s) <u>4-11,16-21,23,27-34,40-45 and 47</u>	•		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.		
Application Papers		:	•
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner	· :	
<u> </u>	accepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner	,
Applicant may not request that any objection to	•		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor			l.121(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	,	•	• •
Data with a constant OF 11 O O C 440			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		:	
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority docum			
2. Certified copies of the priority docum		• —	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the p	1	received in this National Sta	ige .
application from the International Bur		id	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies not	received.	
•		,	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)	
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 		s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>6/19/03, 3/28/05</u> .	6) Other:		

Art Unit: 2616

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 35-47 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Each claim recites a limitation "operably" or "adapted to" which is not a positive recitation. Under MPEP 2111.04, "language that suggests or makes optional but does not require steps to be performed or does not limit a claim to a particular structure does not limit the scope of a claim limitation."

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 3. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Al-Housami (US Patent No. 7,050,814).

Regarding claim 12, Al-Housami discloses a base transceiver station apparatus (a Base transceiver Station, BTS 18 in FIG. 1) comprising:

means for receiving data in a plurality of packets (data traffic, col. 2, line 41) from a plurality of access terminals (mobile users 30, 32 in FIG. 1); and

Art Unit: 2616

means for dynamically setting a rise-over-thermal (ROT) threshold (a loading threshold based on measures for interference level above a noise floor, col. 2, lines 23-32, col. 3, lines 11-35) for the access terminals.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claims 1-3, 13-15, 22, 24-26, 35-39, and 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Al-Housami (US Patent No. 7,050,814) in view of Chheda et al (US Patent No. 7,120,447).

Regarding claims 1 and 13, refer to the discussion for claim 12, above.

Art Unit: 2616

However, Al-Housami does not explicitly teach the step of increasing the ROT threshold by a predetermined increment if the outage has not occurred and the step of decreasing the ROT threshold by a predetermined decrement if the outage has occurred as recited in claim.

Al-Housami further teaches that the loading threshold is selected (the loading threshold is increased when there is a higher proportion of high data rate users and decreased when there is a higher proportion of voice traffic users to keep the traffic is below the threshold, col. 3, lines 26-35), i.e., the loading level is maintained below a threshold to prevent outage provability.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the method of determining outage into Al-Housami to estimate whether the loading level is proper or not such that the loading level is increased when outage is not occurred and decreased when outage is occurred.

Regarding claims 2 and 14, Al-Housami does not teach a reverse activity bit (RAB) as recited in claims, but the RAB is known in the art to control mobile terminals. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to use the RAB if the outage has occurred.

Regarding claims 3 and 15, Al-Housami does not teach initially setting the loading threshold to a predetermined minimum threshold. But it is known in the art the threshold has a range between a minimum value and a maximum value. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to initially set the loading threshold to a predetermined minimum value such that the threshold has flexibility.

Art Unit: 2616

Regarding claim 22, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to determine whether the outage has occurred or not based on more than one terminals to get more reliable statistics for the outage.

Regarding claim 24, refer to the discussion for claim 1. However, Al-Housami does not explicitly teach that computer readable medium is executing the method.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to incorporate computer readable medium (software) for the method to take advantage of using the software (programmable).

Regarding claim 25, refer to the discussion for claims 2 and 24

Regarding claim 26, refer to the discussion for claims 3 and 24.

Regarding claims 35 and 36, refer to the discussion for claims 12 and 24. But Al-Housami does not explicitly teach a detail structure of the BTS. It is inherent that the BTS has a processor for executing the software, at least one antenna and an input and inputs and outputs coupled to each other as recited in claim to implement the method.

Regarding claims 37 and 46, refer to the discussion for claims 12, 13, and 24. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to determine whether the outage has occurred or not based on more than one terminals to get more reliable statistics for the outage.

Regarding claim 38, refer to the discussion for claims 2, 12, and 24.

Regarding claim 39, refer to the discussion for claims 3, 12, and 24.

Art Unit: 2616

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 4-11, 16-21, 23, 27-34, 40-45, and 47 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Soon D. Hyun whose telephone number is 571-272-3121. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chi H. Pham can be reached on 571-272-3179. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

ッ S. Hyun 5/21/2007

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Page 6